

The Agricultural Development and Extension Branch offers general information services to farmers through 19 offices which cover all major farming districts. In addition, this Branch provides agricultural engineering service, supervision of the government land-clearing program and farm labour services, and promotes junior club projects. The Poultry Branch offers extension services to the poultry industry.

### Subsection 2.—Agricultural Colleges and Schools

All provinces provide facilities or assistance for training in agricultural science at university level. The colleges and schools are administered by either the Department of Agriculture or the Department of Education of the respective province.

**Newfoundland.**—There are no agricultural colleges in the province but the Agriculture Division of the Department of Mines, Agriculture and Resources provides a number of scholarships annually for young men to attend agricultural colleges in other provinces.

**Prince Edward Island.**—A two-year course in scientific agriculture offered at Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown, prepares students for third year at Macdonald College, Que. In the Vocational School, short courses provide knowledge and skill in agricultural pursuits and develop in the student a sense of the dignity and importance of agriculture as a calling and an understanding of the value of the industry to the province.

**Nova Scotia.**—The Nova Scotia Agricultural College at Truro offers two courses—the first two years of a degree course in agriculture and a two-year course in vocational agriculture. The College assists in conducting short courses at various provincial centres, supports Folk Schools and gives direction to 4-H Club organizations. Tuition is free for Canadian students.

**New Brunswick.**—The four agricultural schools of New Brunswick are located at Woodstock, Fredericton, St. Joseph and St. Basile. Two-term agricultural courses extending over five months each year are offered at Fredericton, St. Joseph and St. Basile and a three-year course is conducted at Woodstock. The curriculum includes training in all phases of agriculture, shop and general academic work. Ten-month home economics courses are also offered at Woodstock and St. Joseph.

**Quebec.**—Four-year university courses leading to a degree of Bachelor of Science in Agriculture are available through Laval Faculty of Agriculture (Ste. Anne de la Pocatière), l'Institut Agricole d'Oka (affiliated with the University of Montreal), and McGill Faculty of Agriculture (Macdonald College). The Provincial Veterinary School at St. Hyacinthe (affiliated with the University of Montreal) offers a four-year course leading to a doctorate in veterinary medicine. There are also 15 secondary agricultural schools throughout the province, and five orphanages offer courses in agriculture. About 1,000 students, the great majority of whom are sons of farmers, attend these intermediate or regional schools of agriculture and 230 pupils follow practical agricultural courses in the orphanages. A farm is annexed to each school for practical training and specialists give instruction on the maple-sugar industry, farm mechanics, co-operatives, plant protection, veterinary hygiene, aviculture, marketing and silviculture. School co-operatives and clubs are organized and directed by the pupils under supervision. Household science training for the daughters of farmers and settlers is given in nine of these schools.

**Ontario.**—A two-year course at the Ontario Agricultural College (for the Associate Diploma in Agriculture) provides basic training for young persons interested in making agriculture their vocation. Study includes the application of science to agricultural practice and training for rural citizenship. A four-year course at the same institution for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Agriculture gives fundamental education in the science of agriculture. Sound training is provided for farming as a profession, for entrance into